

# Characterization and modelling of device variability in advanced CMOS technologies

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# Outline

## □ Introduction

- What is variability?, importance?

## □ Experimental procedures

- Test structures, statistical treatment, measured quantities...

## □ Variability sources and modelling aspects

- Channel and pocket issues
- Polygate influence

## □ Conclusions

## □ References

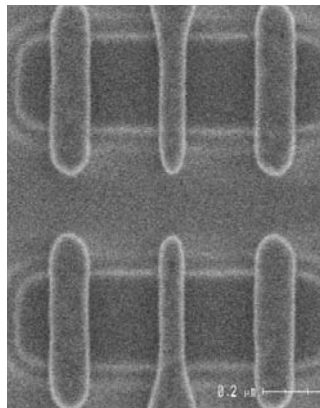
# What is variability or mismatch?



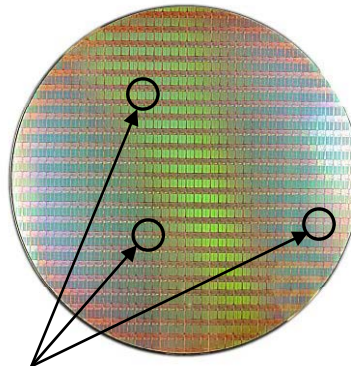
Fab to fab variability



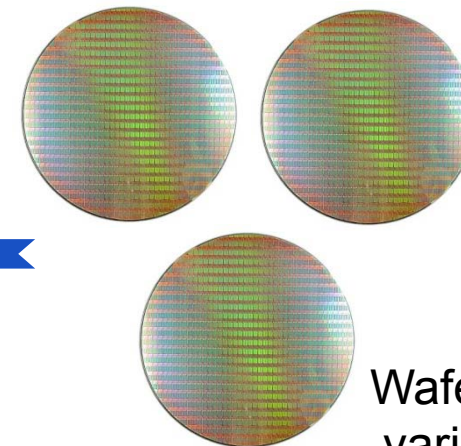
Lot to lot variability



**Local variability=**  
**MOS to MOS variability**

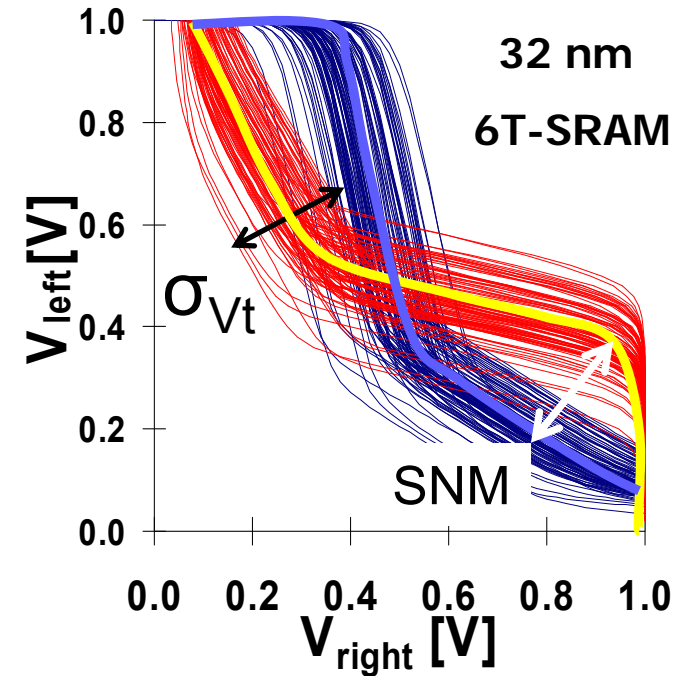
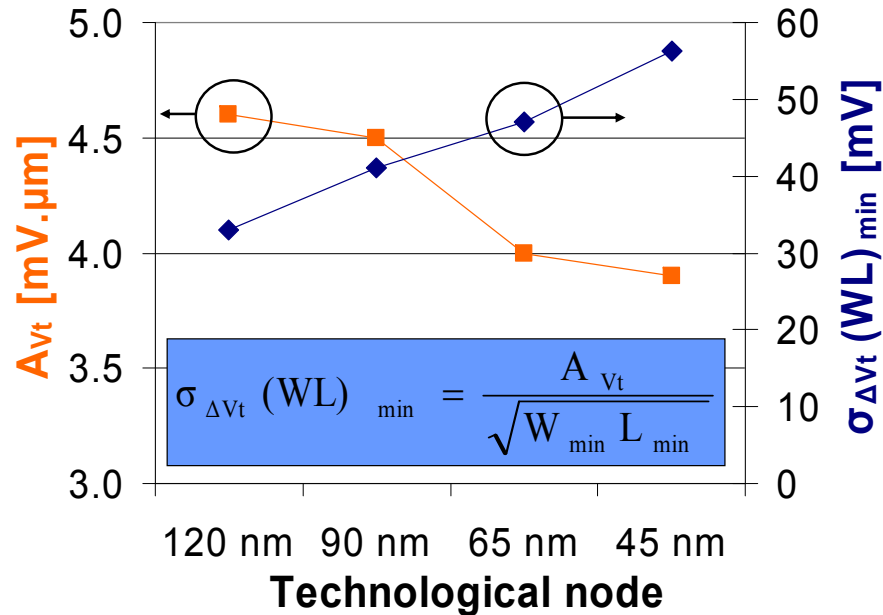


Die to die variability



Wafer to wafer variability

# Importance of Variability



- Mismatch critical for analog applications (mirror current, differential amplifier, DAC, ADC...)
- Variability now also affects digital and mixed applications

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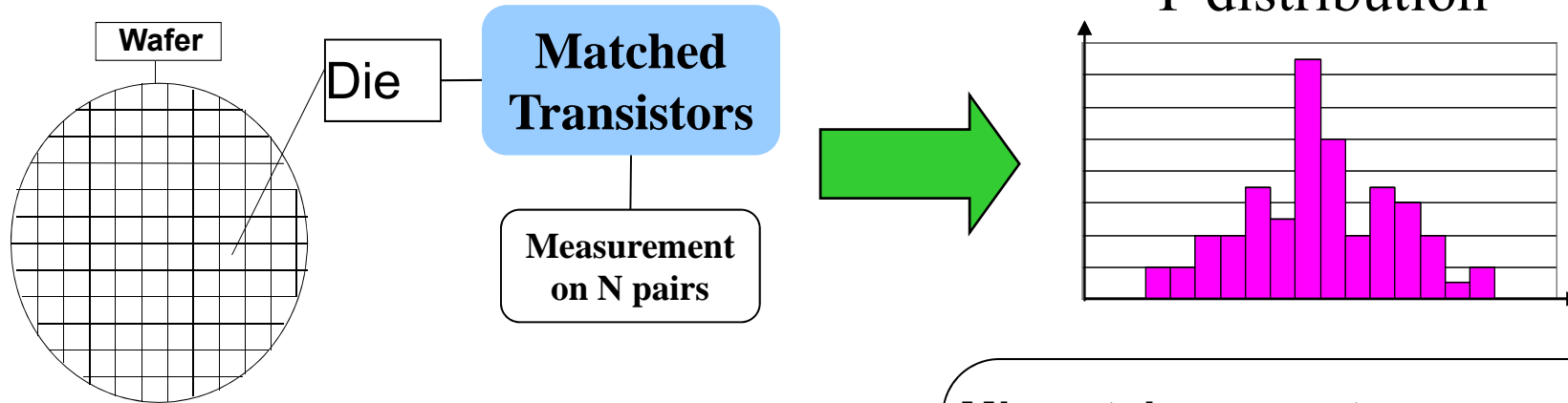
- Channel and pocket issues
- Polygate influence

## □ Conclusions

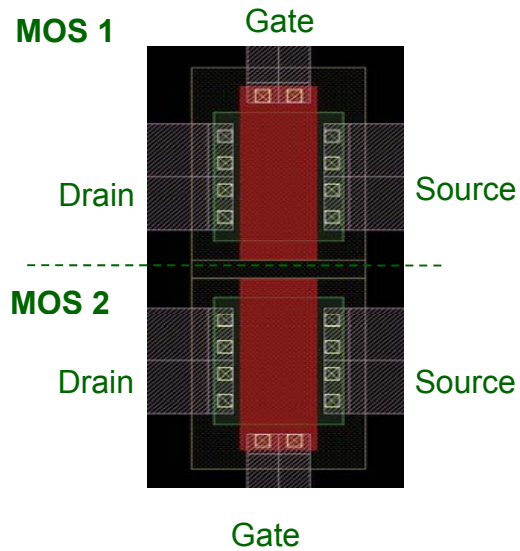
## □ References

# Experimental procedures

## ❑ Matching measurement:



## ❑ Test Structure:



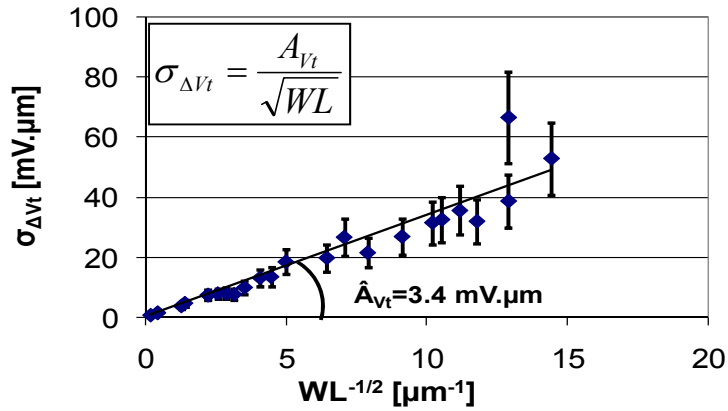
## Mismatch parameter:

- $\text{mean}_p$ : Systematic mismatch
- ❑  $\sigma_p$ : **Stochastic mismatch (local process fluctuations)**

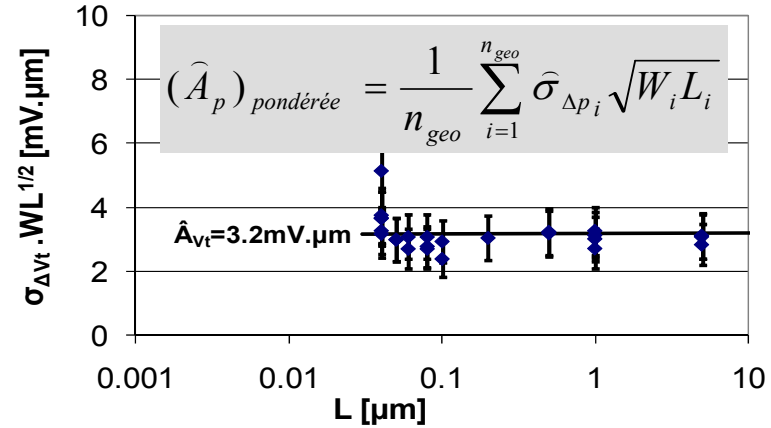
- ❑ Threshold voltage  $V_T$
- ❑ Gain factor  $\beta$
- ❑ Drain current  $I_D$

# Mismatch parameter extraction

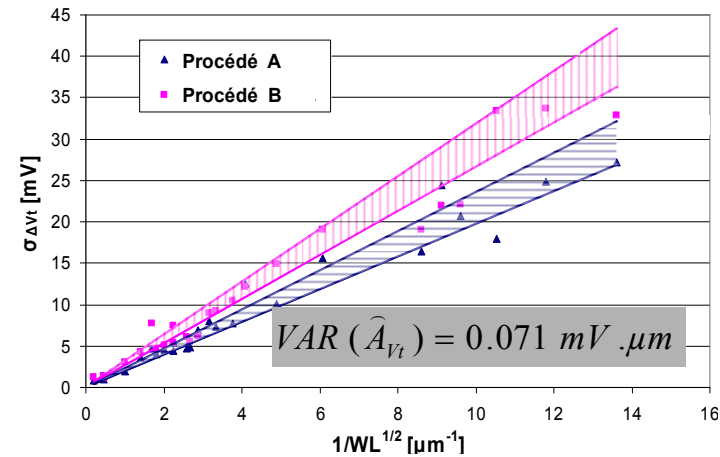
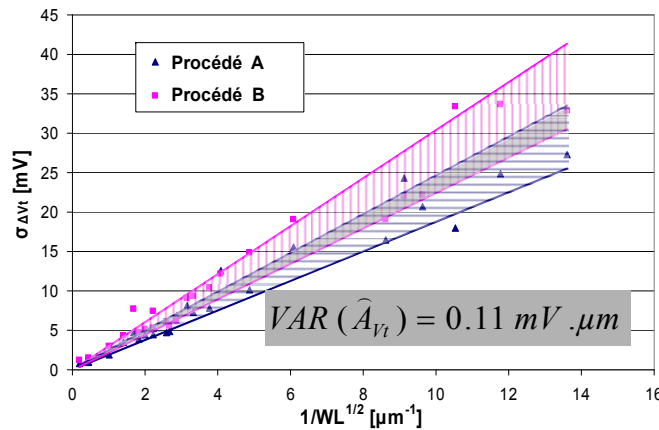
Standard ...



Improved method ...



=> Allows discrimination of process differences



[Cathignol et al., ICMTS, 06]



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- What is variability?, importance of variability?

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- Test structures, statistical treatment, measured quantities, parameter extraction methods...

## □ Variability sources and modelling aspects

- Channel and pocket contributions
- Polygate influence
- Variability sources diagnostic on C45 technology

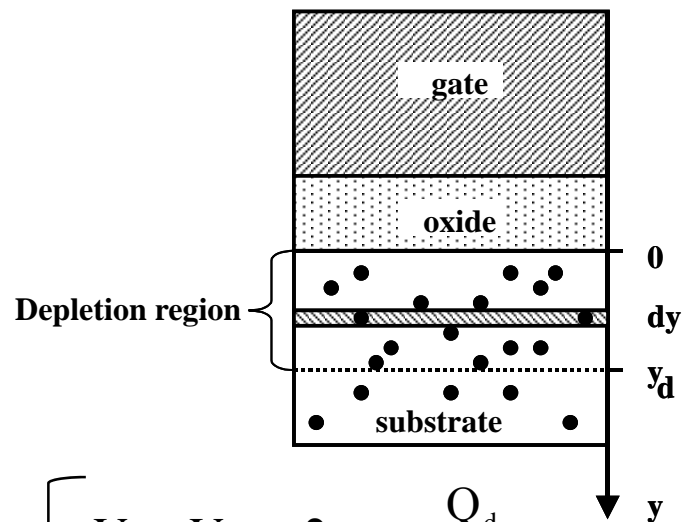
## □ Conclusions

## □ References



# Channel contribution

## Theory

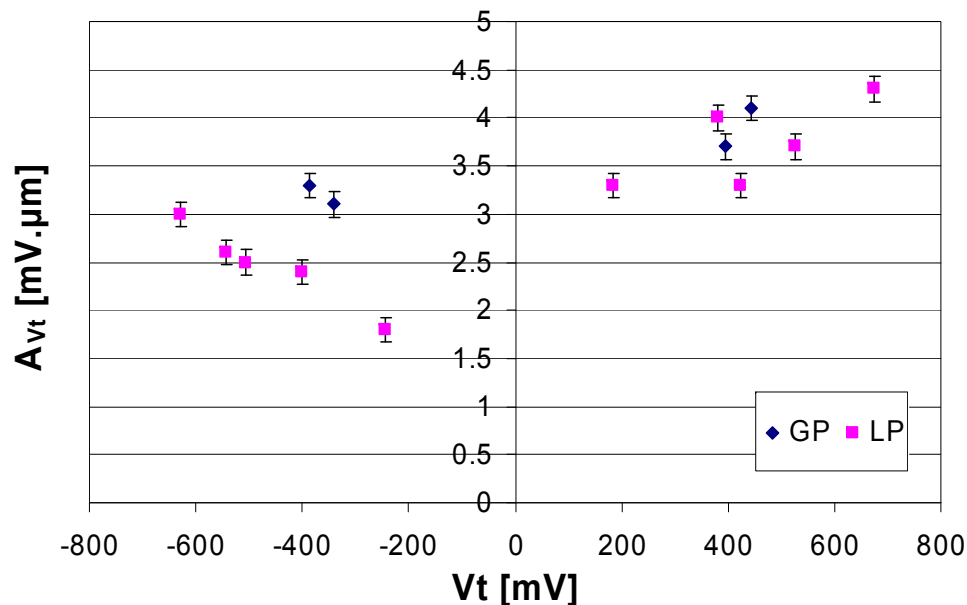


$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} V_t = V_{FB} + 2\phi_{Fp} - \frac{Q_d}{C_{ox}} \\ \sigma_{nc} = \sqrt{n_c} \end{array} \right. \quad [\text{Mizuno et al., TED, 89}]$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{V_t} = \frac{(2q^3 \cdot \epsilon_{si} \cdot N_c \cdot (2\phi_{Fp} - V_b))^{1/4}}{\sqrt{3}} \cdot \frac{T_{ox}}{\epsilon_{ox}} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{W \cdot L}}$$

$$\sigma_{V_t} \approx t_{ox} \cdot N_c^{0.4} \quad [\text{Roy, TED, 03}]$$

## Measurements



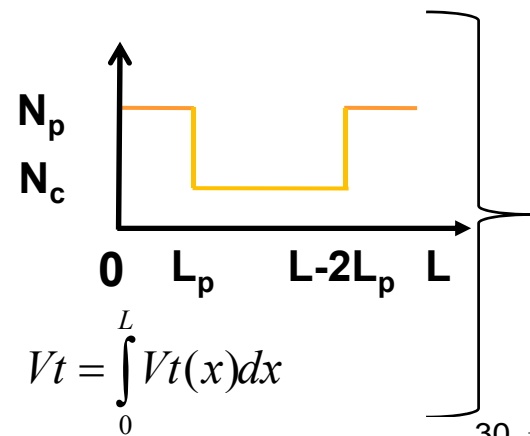
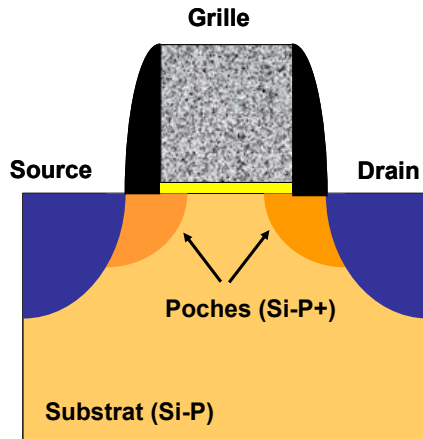
**Strong correlation between V<sub>t</sub> et A<sub>Vt</sub>  
=> main contribution from channel dopants**

$$\sigma_{V_t} = B_{V_t} \sqrt{\frac{t_{ox} \cdot (V_t + 0.1)}{W \cdot L}}$$

[Takeuchi, 07]

# Pockets contribution (1/3)

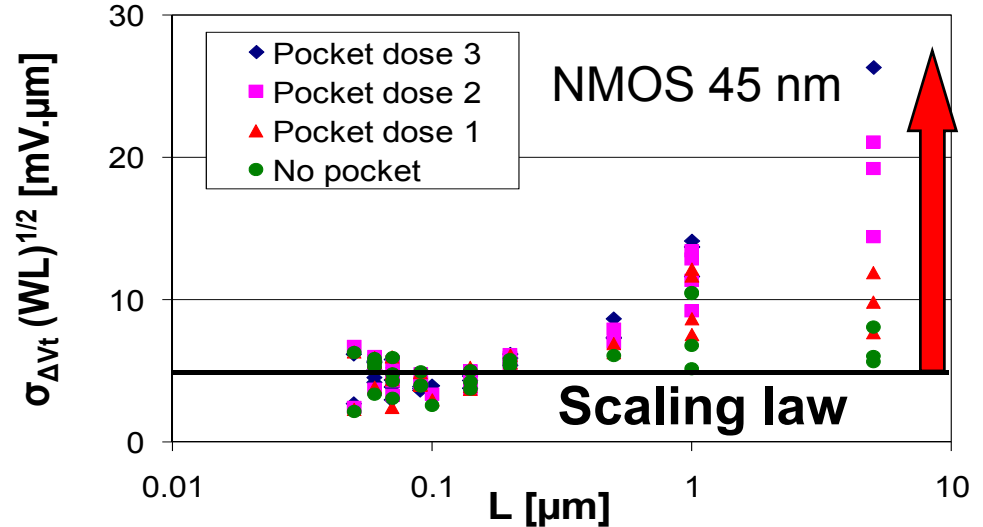
- Existing models explain the usually observed fluctuations increase for shortest devices...



~~$$\sigma_{V_t} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{W \cdot L}} \sqrt{\left( \frac{Q_d(N_p)}{\sqrt{3} \cdot C_{ox}} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{2 \cdot L_p}{L \cdot N_p \cdot y_d(N_p)} + \left( \frac{Q_d(N_c)}{\sqrt{3} \cdot C_{ox}} \right)^2 \cdot \frac{L - 2 \cdot L_p}{L \cdot N_c \cdot y_d(N_c)}}$$

[DiFrenza, 02]~~

- ...but these models do not predict anomalous increase for long transistors...

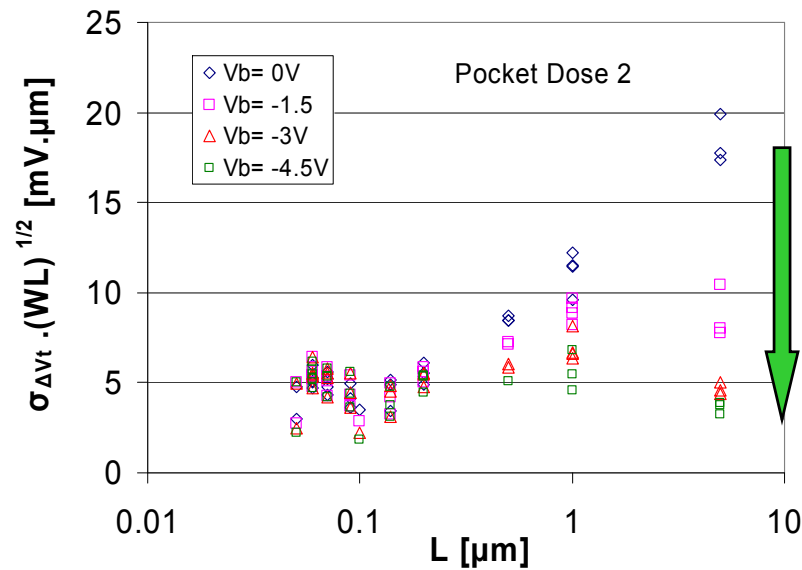


[Cathignol, SSE 09]

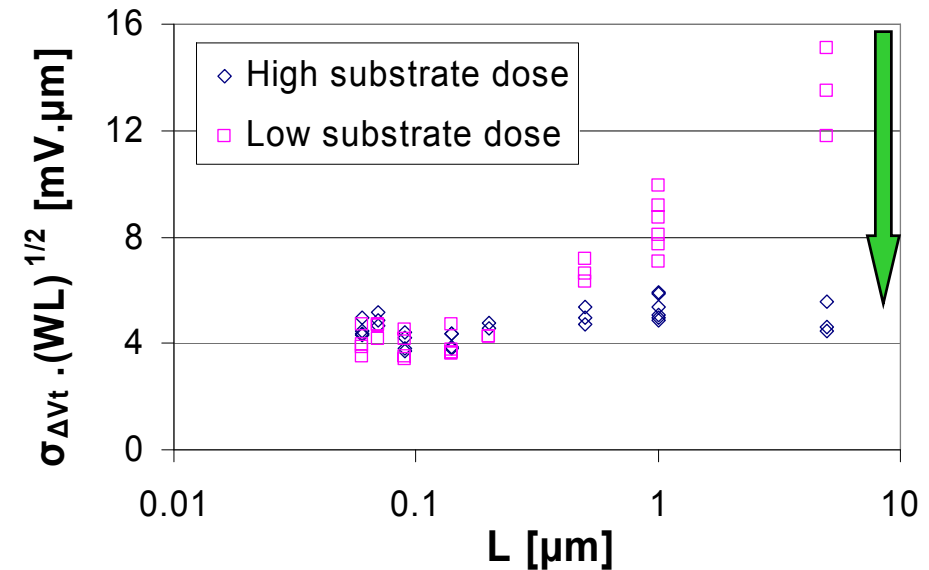


# Pockets contribution (2/3)

Body bias influence...



Channel dose influence...

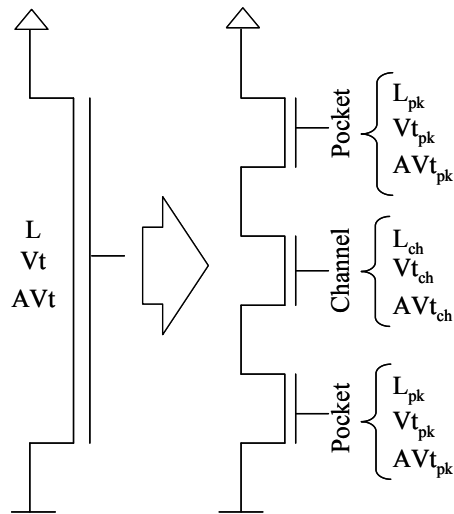


[Cathignol, SSE 09]



# Pockets contribution (3/3)

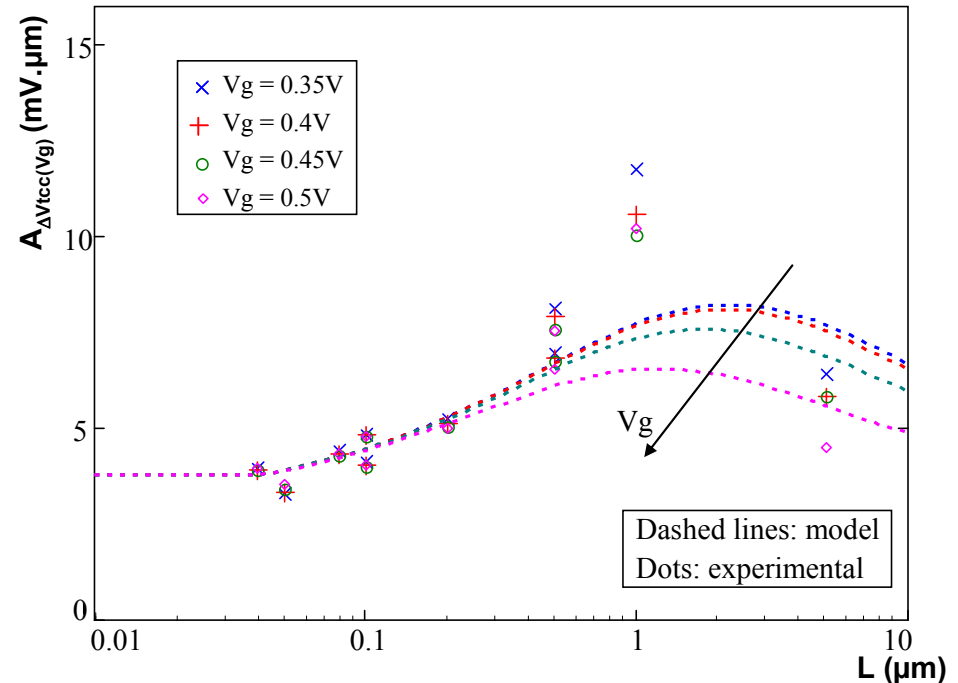
## 3-transistor model



$$\sigma_{R_{tot}}(Vg) = \sqrt{\left(\frac{\partial R_{ch}}{\partial Vg}\right)^2 \frac{A_{ch}^2}{WL_{ch}} + 2\left(\frac{\partial R_{pk}}{\partial Vg}\right)^2 \frac{A_{pk}^2}{WL_{pk}}}$$

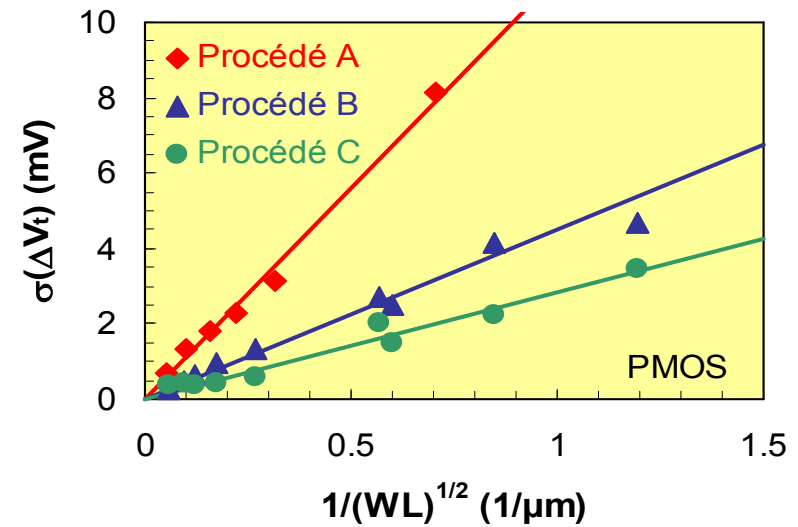
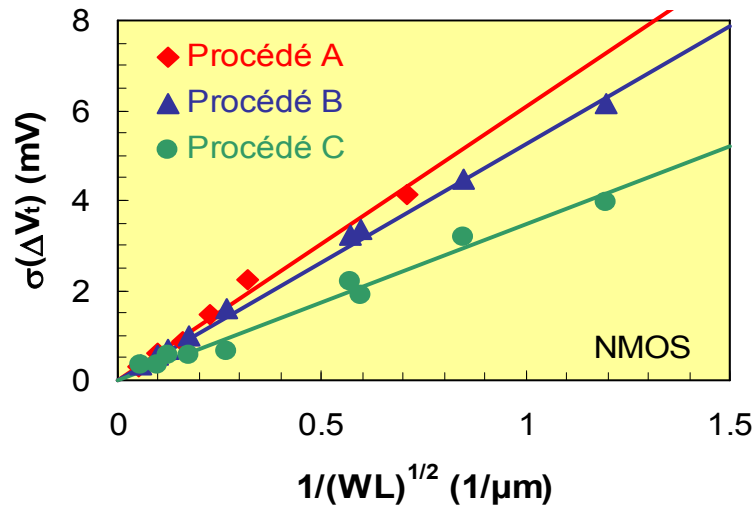
[Mezzomo, SSE 10]

## Bell-shaped behavior !



- Comprehensive modelling
- Can be extended to non-ohmic regime (see Mezzomo ESSDERC 2010)

# Polygate influence: Impact of process (1/2)

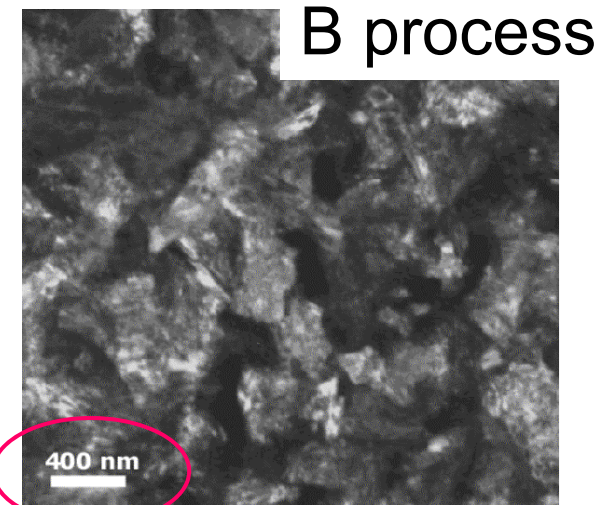
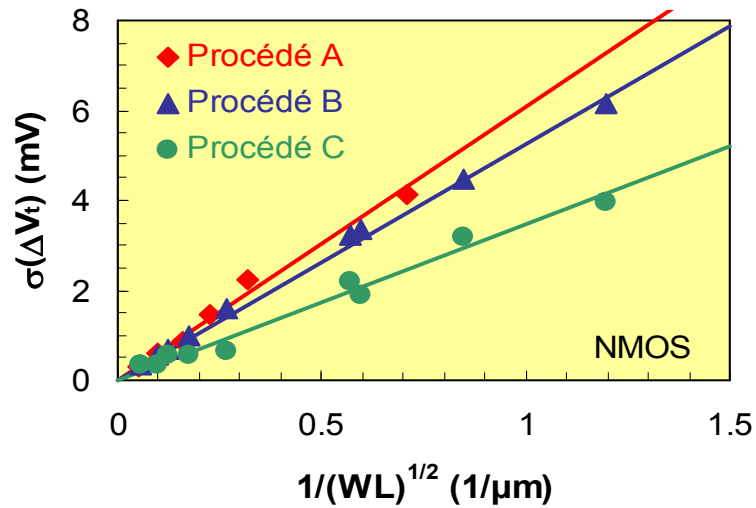


Process	$A_{Vt}$ (mV. $\mu\text{m}$ )	
	NMOS	PMOS
<b>A</b>	<b>6.08</b>	<b>11.2</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>5.31</b>	<b>4.52</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>3.46</b>	<b>2.85</b>

**=> Significant matching improvement**

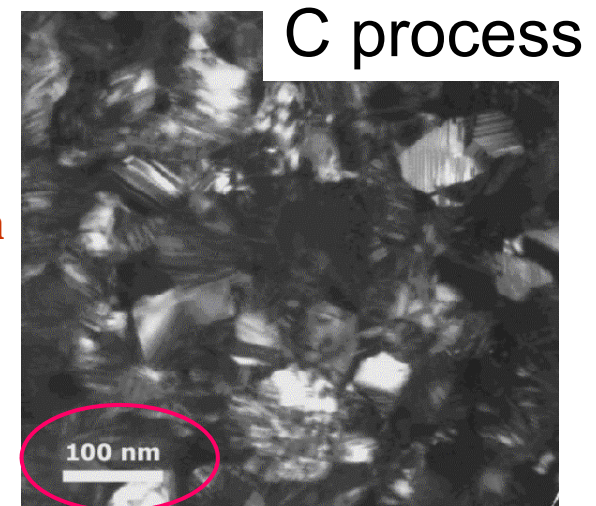
[DiFrenza, 02]

# Polygate influence: Impact of process (2/2)



Process	$A_{vt}$ (mV.μm)	
	NMOS	PMOS
<b>A</b>	<b>6.08</b>	<b>11.2</b>
<b>B</b>	<b>5.31</b>	<b>4.52</b>
<b>C</b>	<b>3.46</b>	<b>2.85</b>

$L_{\text{grain}} \sim 0.1\mu\text{m}$



**Grain size reduction from B to C!**

[DiFrenza, 02]

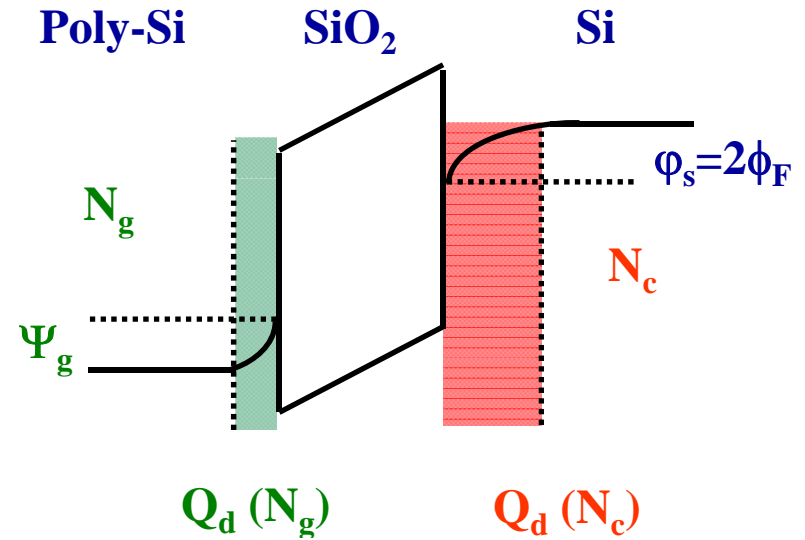
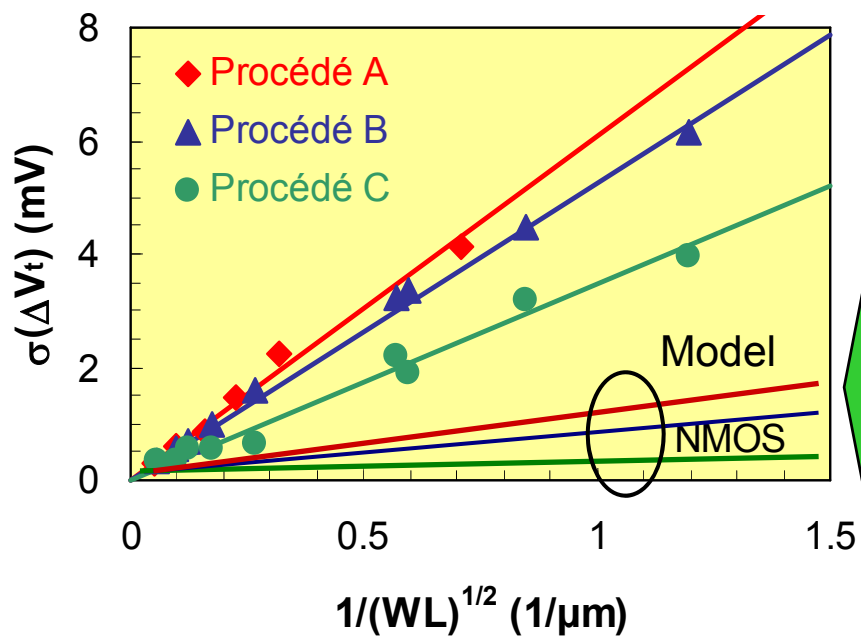
Photos MEB (Réf. E. Sondergard)

# Polygate influence: doping approach (1/5)

$$V_t = V_{FB} + 2\phi_F - \frac{Q_d}{C_{OX}} + \psi_g \quad \text{with}$$

$$\psi_g = (2\phi_F - V_b) \cdot \frac{N_c}{N_g}$$

Without clustering in poly  $\frac{\sigma(n)}{n} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\langle n \rangle}}$



[DiFrenza, 02]

# Polygate influence: doping approach (2/5)

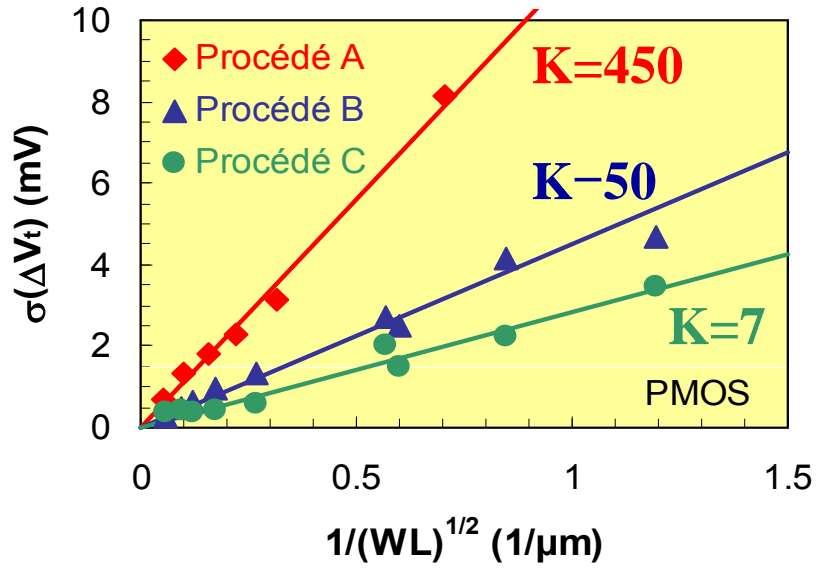
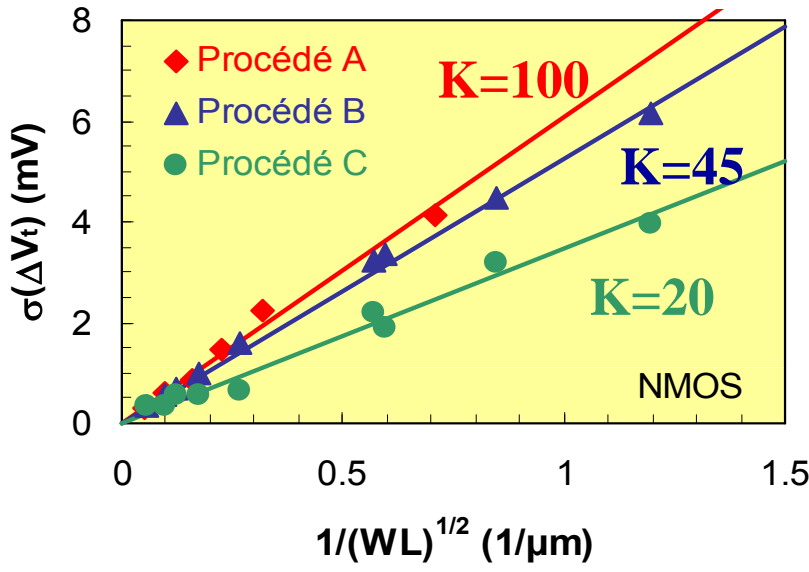
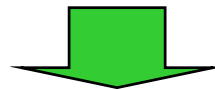
$$V_t = V_{FB} + 2\phi_F - \frac{Q_d}{C_{OX}} + \psi_g$$

with

$$\psi_g = (2\phi_F - V_b) \cdot \frac{N_c}{N_g}$$

With clustering in poly

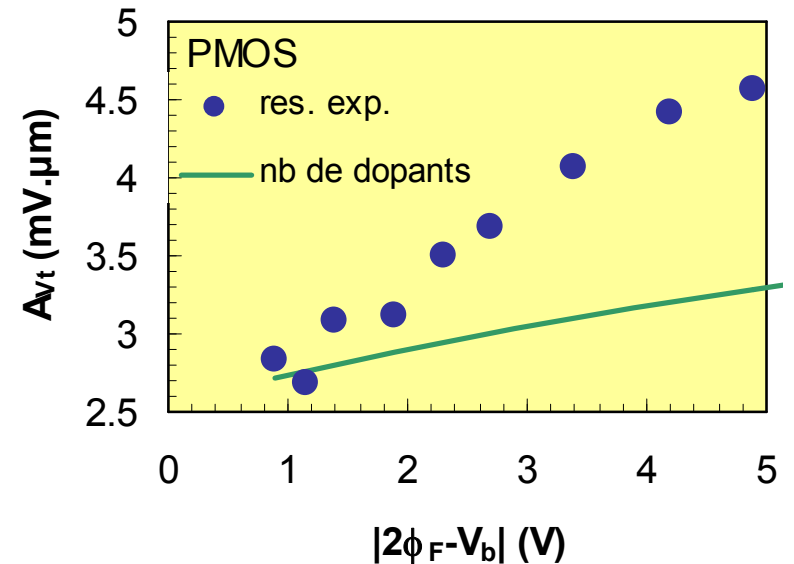
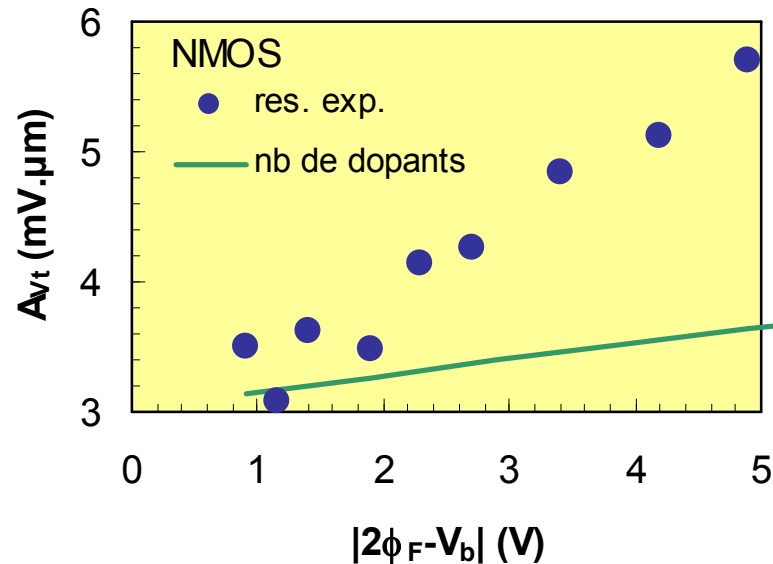
$$\frac{\sigma(n)}{n} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{\langle n \rangle}{K}}}$$





# Polygate influence: doping approach (3/5)

## $A_{vt}$ as a function of $V_b$

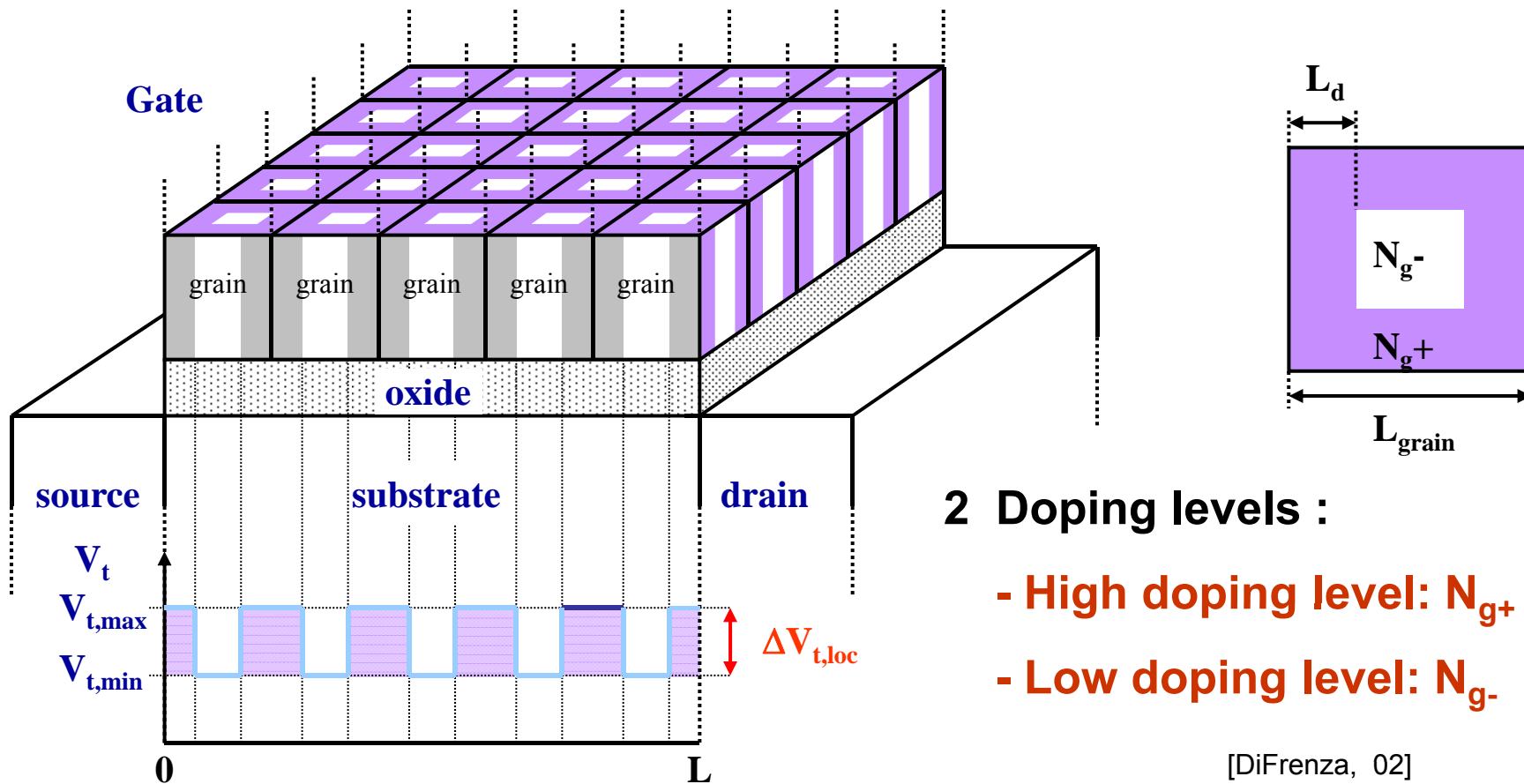


This model does not allow describing  $A_{vt}$  variation as a function of bulk potential!

[DiFrenza, 02]

# Polygate influence: doping approach (4/5)

## Model with 2 Doping Levels in Grains



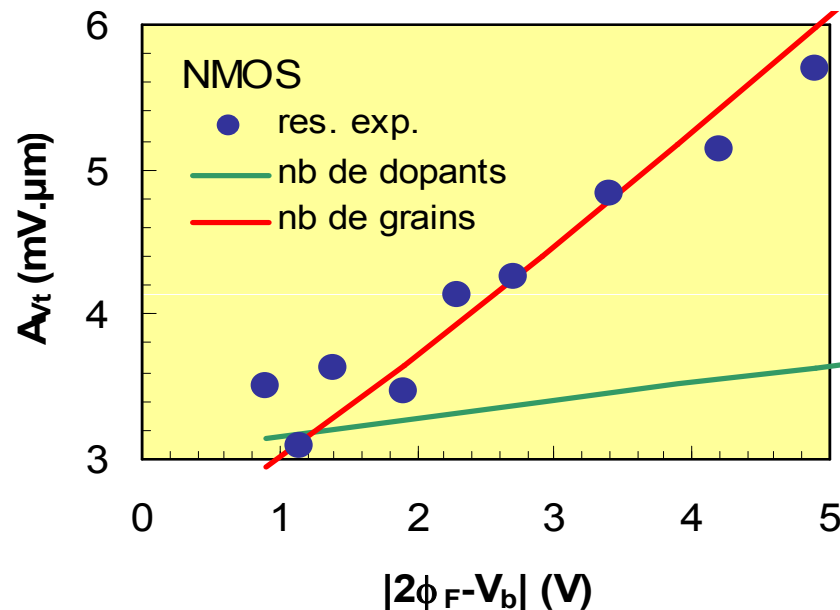
# Polygate influence: doping approach (5/5)

## Model with 2 Doping Levels in Grains

$$V_t = V_{t,\min} \cdot \frac{A_{N_{g-}}}{W \cdot L} + V_{t,\max} \cdot \frac{A_{N_{g+}}}{W \cdot L}$$



$$\sigma_{V_t, N_{\text{grain}}} = (2\phi_F - V_b) \cdot \frac{2L_d - 4L_d^2 \cdot \sqrt{N_{\text{grain}}}}{N_{g-} \cdot \sqrt{W \cdot L}}$$



Grains number fluctuation model leads to a good description of Bulk polarization impact on  $A_{vt}$

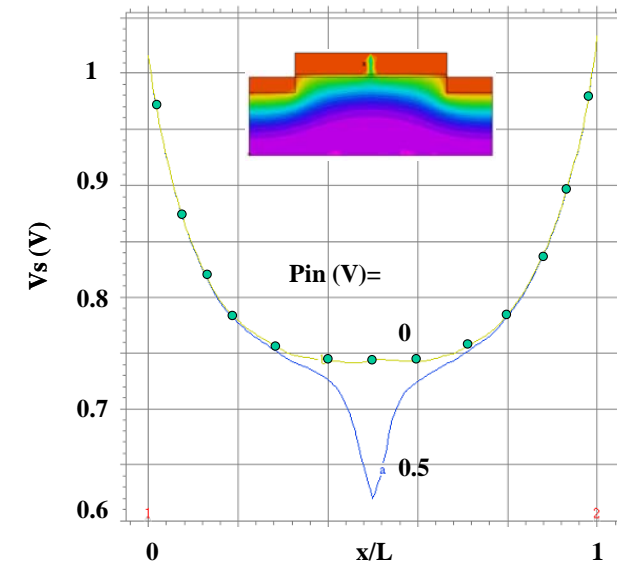
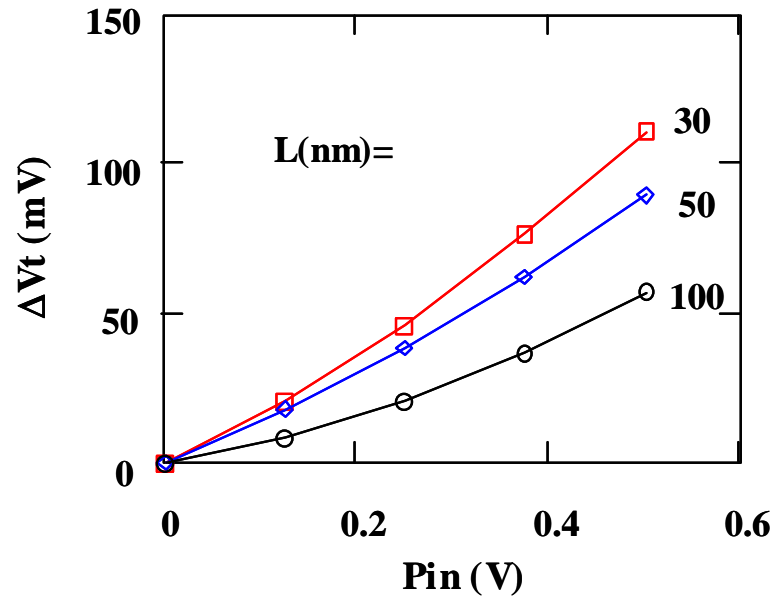
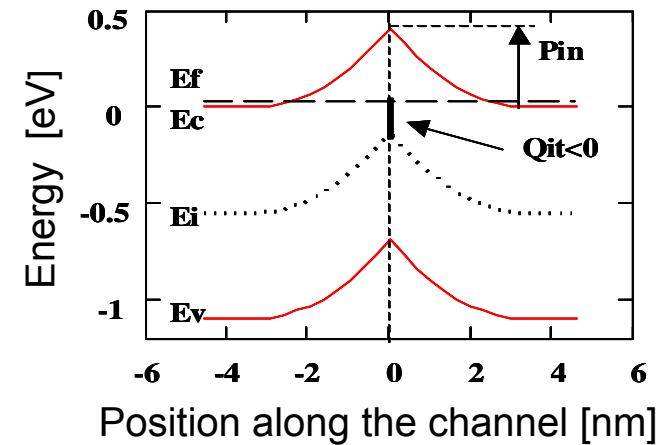
[DiFrenza, 02]

# Polygate influence: GB approach (1/2)

## Model for a single grain boundary

$$Q_{it}(V) = q \cdot N_{it} \cdot (V - V_i)$$

$$2 \cdot Q_d(V) + Q_{it}(V) = 0$$



[Cathignol, ULIS 2006]

# Polygate influence: GB approach (2/2)

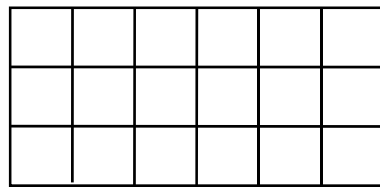
Analytical expression of  $V_t$  shift induced by a single GB

$$\Delta V_{t0} = \frac{1}{WL} \cdot \int \delta\phi_{ms}(x, y) dx dy$$



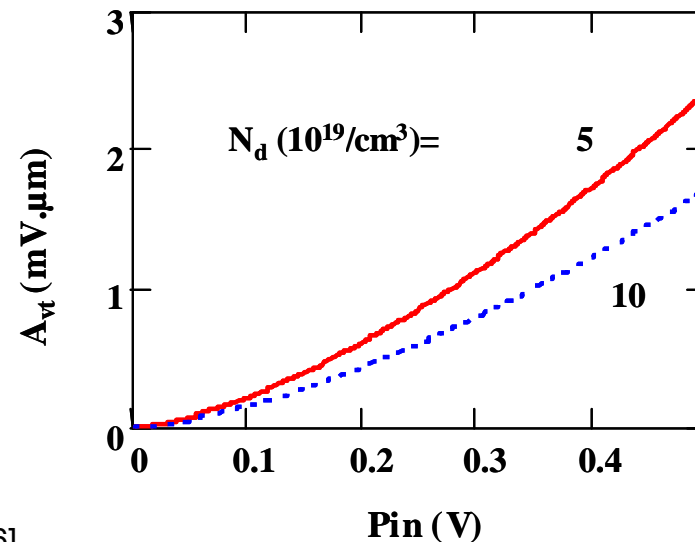
$$\Delta V_{t0} = \frac{1}{WL} \cdot \frac{4}{3} \cdot \frac{\epsilon_{si} Pin^{3/2}}{\sqrt{2q\epsilon_{si}Nd}}$$

Analytical expression of the transistor  $V_t$  fluctuations induced by multiple GB



$$+ \sigma_{ng} = \sqrt{ng}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma_{\Delta V_t} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{WL}} \cdot \frac{8}{3} \cdot \frac{\epsilon_{si} Pin^{3/2}}{\sqrt{q\epsilon_{si}Nd}} = \frac{Avt_{|gate}}{\sqrt{WL}}$$

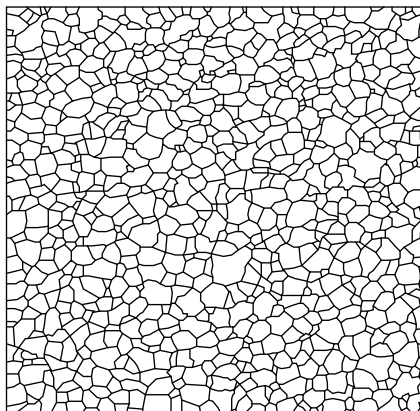


[Cathignol, ULIS 2006]

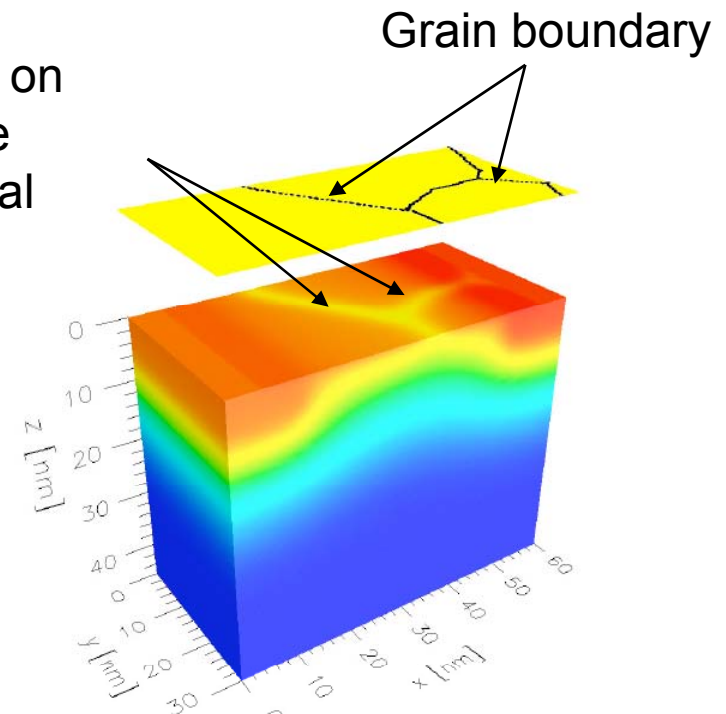
# Polygate quantitative evaluation

Evaluation of the contribution thanks to **atomistic simulation** run on 200 generic NMOS transistors randomly generated

Fermi level pinning model at each grain boundary  
+  
Random position and size of grain through the gate according to an experimental top view of polysilicon



Impact on surface potential



Brown et al., ESSDERC 06

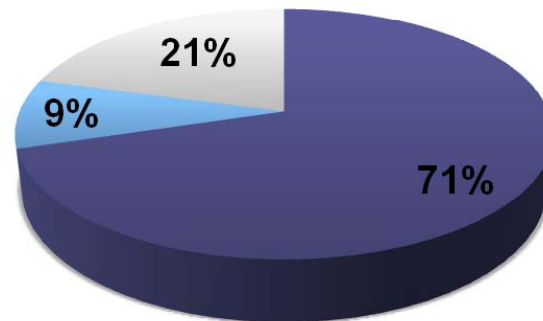
=> The order of magnitude is 1 mV.μm

# Diagnostic of variability sources on real C45 device: atomistic simulation

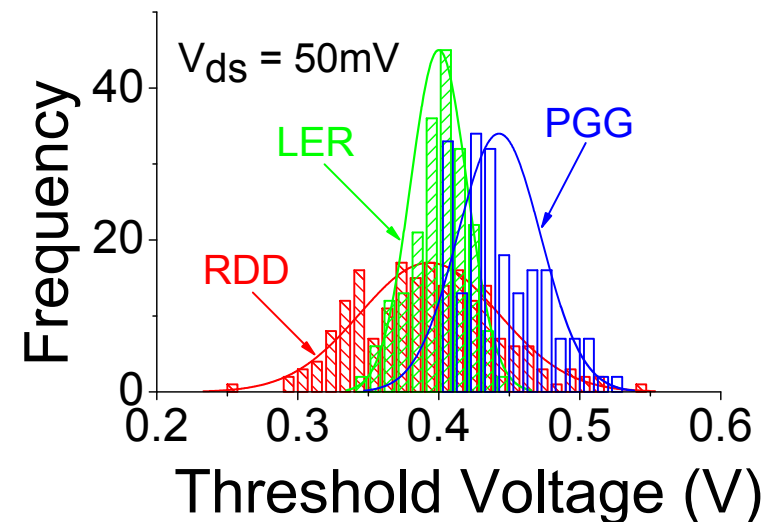
- ❑ Exact TCAD calibration done on silicon data
- ❑ Fluctuations sources not correlated
- ❑ Fermi level pinning evaluated at 200mV

## NMOS threshold voltage variance

- Dopants
- Line edge roughness
- Poly gate granularity



$\sigma V_{texp} = 62 \text{ mV}$  &  $\sigma V_{tsim} = 66 \text{ mV}$



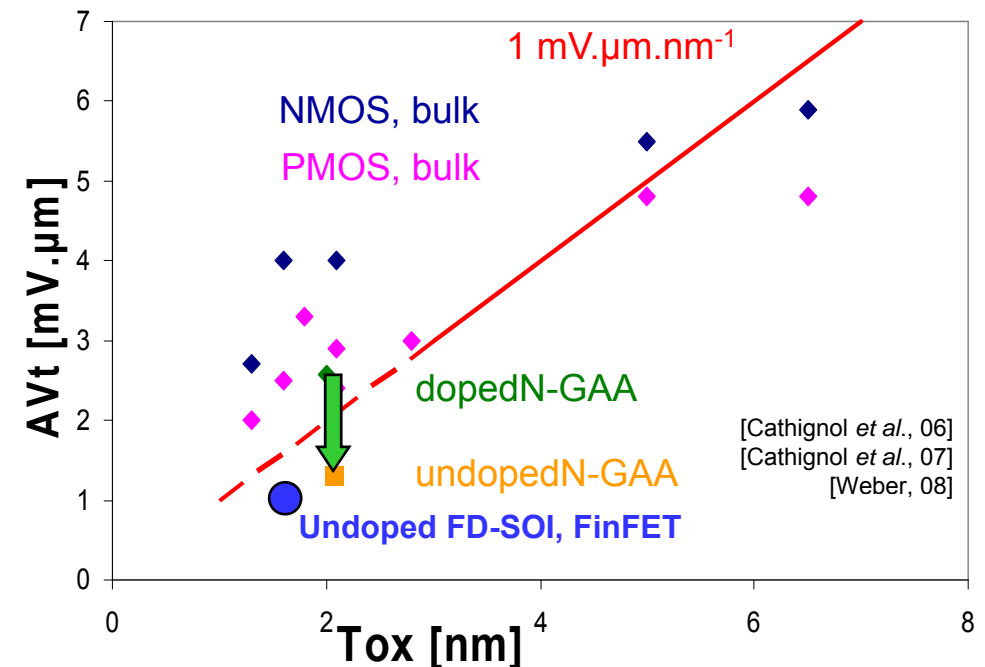
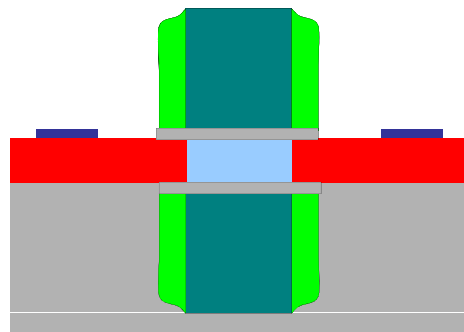
Cathignol *et al.*, EDL, 2008

Asenov, Cathignol *et al.* EDL, 2008

# Conclusions (1/2)

- 70% of variability comes from channel & pocket dopant number fluctuations => **undoped channels are required!**
- Ultra thin film technologies are the best candidates

- Remaining variability sources: LER,  $\Phi_{ms}$  fluctuations in GB of metal gate, stress, STI, S/D contact, ...





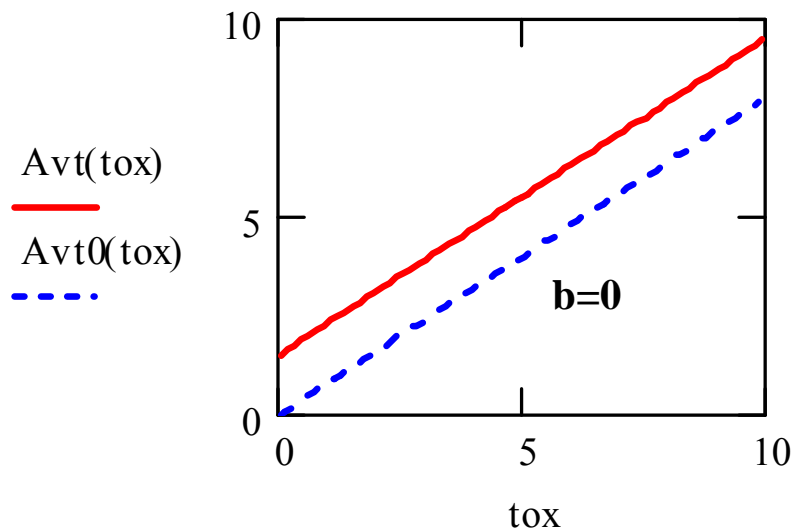
# Conclusions (2/2)

## Scaling issues...

$$Avt(\text{tox}) := a \cdot \text{tox} + b$$

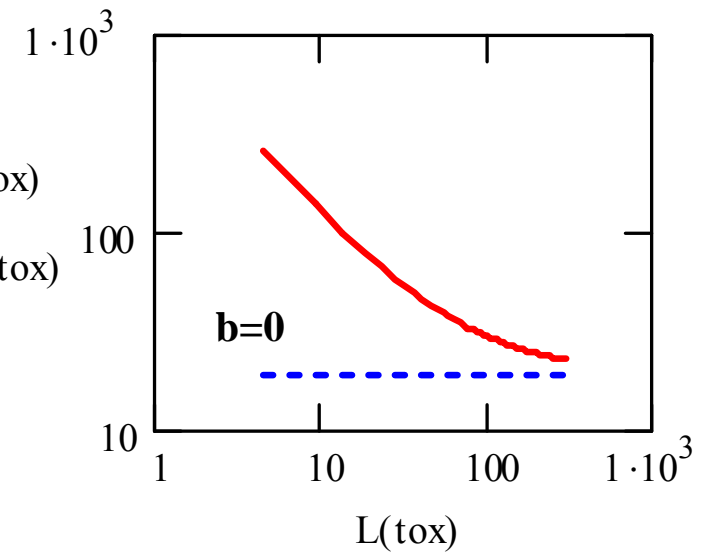
$$a = 0.8 \text{ mV} \cdot \mu\text{m}/\text{nm}$$

$$b = 1.5 \text{ mV} \cdot \mu\text{m}$$



$$\sigma_{vt}(\text{tox}) := \frac{Avt(\text{tox})}{\sqrt{WL(\text{tox})}}$$

$$L(\text{tox}) := 30 \cdot \text{tox}$$



# References

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- C.Mezzomo, A. Bajolet, A. Cathignol, E. Josse and G. Ghibaudo, Modeling Local Electrical Fluctuations in 45nm Heavily Pocket-implanted Bulk MOSFET, Solid State Electronics, in press (2010)